

CHAPTER VI

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

This chapter presents the conclusion and suggestion that related with the finding and discussion as pretended in the preceding chapter of this research or study.

A. Conclusion

From the result of data analysis on the discussion of this research, Assimilation agreed with the sound change as influenced by the neighboring phoneme or segment. For anticipatory assimilation, the case occurs when the previous sound is followed and influenced by neighboring sound and the sound changes to be resembled. Whereas, coalescence assimilation occurs when the previous sound is followed by neighboring sound, it will influence the neighboring sound to be new sound. Assimilation is the sound changing process of phoneme which causes the near or following phoneme to be similar sound influenced by other articulation. In the conclusion of this research, the researcher found just two types of assimilation. They were anticipatory and coalescence assimilation.

Furthermore, From the previous finding and discussion , English department students of UIN are often produced than Alumni of BEC students. The researcher also found the assimilation from them in 184 data. 93 is from anticipatory while 91 is from coalescence. While Alumni of BEC students were found in 161 data, 81 anticipatory and 80 coalescence. The findings show that anticipatory assimilation are found dominantly appearance in particular produced than coalescence. Thus, assimilation produced by Alumni of BEC students differ from the one produced by English Department Students of IAIN Tulungagung.

Based on this research, it can be concluded that having knowledge can give the learner skill to improve their of speaking, grammar, and etc. It is provided that the English department students of IAIN Tulungagung can produced better than alumni of BEC students. Thus, the knowledge should be

had by every learners and it may not be underestimated because it is very meaningful thing to have.

B. Suggestion

Based on research result, the researcher would like to give suggestion :

1. For the English learner

Based on the result of this research, the researcher expects that the readers especially for English learners who interested in Linguistics especially in assimilation. The English learners should practice or implement assimilation as the process of learning to be alternative way in learning English. This assimilation is suitable enough used during learning English, even this era. It is used to improve skills of speaking, listening or grammar. Thus, the learner can be used to improve, practice from this process easily. Another word, this process also give us more knowledge to always improve the good pronunciation especially in English. The researcher also hopes the learners or students deeply and pay more attention to learn assimilation and always keep spirited in learning English because English is the second language of us.

2. For the other Researcher

For other researchers have same topic or consideration, this assimilation process is very useful to be implemented because this topic is usually pronounced by the native. Besides that, this study can be used as reference for other researchers who want to research in the similar research.