

ABSTRAK

Tesis dengan judul “Pengaruh Angka Harapan Hidup, Indeks Harga Perdagangan Besar, Indeks Tendensi Bisnis, Indeks Tendensi Konsumen Terhadap Pertumbuhan Ekonomi Indonesia Dengan Penerimaan Zakat, Infak Dan Sedekah Sebagai Variabel Intervening” ditulis oleh Muhammad Syahrul Hidayat, Magister Ekonomi Syariah Universitas Islam Negeri Sayyid Ali Rahmatullah Tulungagung dibimbing oleh Prof. Dr. Agus Eko Sujianto, S.E., MM. dan Dr. Mochamad Arif Faizin, M.Ag.

Penelitian ini dilatar belakangi oleh pertumbuhan angka harapan hidup di Indonesia masih belum memenuhi target pemerintah, indeks harga perdagangan besar di Indonesia yang tinggi dan mengalami fluktuasi, indeks tendensi bisnis yang fluktuasi disetiap tahunnya, indeks tendensi konsumen mengalami fluktuasi di setiap tahunnya serta penerimaan zakat, infak dan sedekah yang tidak sepadan dengan jumlah penduduk indonesia serta banyaknya masyarakat yang belum membayar zakat, infak dan sedekah yang dikelola langsung oleh organisasi pengelola zakat resmi.

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menguji pengaruh angka harapan hidup terhadap pertumbuhan ekonomi Indonesia, menguji pengaruh indeks harga perdagangan besar terhadap pertumbuhan ekonomi Indonesia, menguji pengaruh indeks tendensi bisnis terhadap pertumbuhan ekonomi Indonesia, menguji pengaruh indeks tendensi konsumen terhadap pertumbuhan ekonomi Indonesia, menguji pengaruh penerimaan ZIS terhadap pertumbuhan ekonomi Indonesia, menguji pengaruh angka harapan hidup di indonesia terhadap pertumbuhan ekonomi Indonesia melalui penerimaan zakat, infak dan sedekah, menguji pengaruh Indeks harga perdagangan besar terhadap pertumbuhan ekonomi di Indonesia melalui penerimaan zakat, infak dan sedekah, menguji pengaruh indeks tendensi bisnis terhadap pertumbuhan ekonomi di Indonesia melalui penerimaan zakat, infak, dan sedekah, menguji pengaruh indeks tendensi konsumen terhadap pertumbuhan ekonomi di Indonesia melalui Penerimaan zakat infak dan sedekah.

Hasil penelitian ini menunjukkan bahwa: (1) angka harapan hidup berpengaruh positif terhadap pertumbuhan ekonomi Indonesia; (2) indeks harga perdagangan besar berpengaruh positif terhadap pertumbuhan ekonomi Indonesia; (3) indeks tendensi bisnis berpengaruh positif terhadap pertumbuhan ekonomi Indonesia; (4) indeks tendensi konsumen berpengaruh positif terhadap pertumbuhan ekonomi Indonesia; (5) penerimaan zakat, infak dan sedekah berpengaruh positif terhadap pertumbuhan ekonomi di Indonesia; (6) angka harapan hidup berpengaruh positif terhadap pertumbuhan ekonomi Indonesia melalui penerimaan ZIS; (7) indeks harga perdagangan besar berpengaruh positif terhadap pertumbuhan ekonomi Indonesia melalui penerimaan ZIS; (8) indeks tendensi bisnis berpengaruh positif terhadap pertumbuhan ekonomi Indonesia melalui penerimaan ZIS; (9) indeks tendensi konsumen berpengaruh positif terhadap pertumbuhan ekonomi Indonesia melalui penerimaan ZIS.

Kata kunci: Angka Harapan Hidup, IHPB, ITB, ITK, ZIS, Pertumbuhan Ekonomi

ABSTRACT

This thesis with the title "The Effect of Life Expectancy, Wholesale Price Index, Business Tendency Index, Consumer Tendency Index on Indonesia's Economic Growth With Zakat, Infaq and Alms Receipts as Intervening Variables" was written by Muhammad Syahrul Hidayat, Master of Islamic Economics at State Islamic University Sayyid Ali Rahmatullah Tulungagung guided by Prof. Dr. Agus Eko Sujianto, S.E., MM. and Dr. Mochamad Arif Faizin, M.Ag.

This study is motivated by the growth in life expectancy in Indonesia which still does not meet the government's target, the wholesale price index in Indonesia which is high and fluctuates, the business tendency index fluctuates every year, the consumer tendency index fluctuates every year and the receipt of zakat, infaq, and alms that are not commensurate with the population of Indonesia and the large number of people who have not paid zakat, infaq, and alms which are managed directly by official zakat management organizations.

This study aims to examine the effect of life expectancy on Indonesia's economic growth, examine the effect of the wholesale price index on Indonesia's economic growth, examine the effect of the business tendency index on Indonesia's economic growth, examine the effect of the consumer tendency index on Indonesia's economic growth, examine the effect of Indonesia's economic growth on the receipt of zakat, infaq, and alms, examines the influence of the effect of life expectancy in Indonesia through receipt of zakat, infaq, and alms, examines the effect of the price index of wholesale trade in Indonesia through receipt of zakat, infaq, and alms, examines the effect of the index of business tendencies in Indonesia through the receipt of zakat, infaq, and alms, examines the effect of the consumer tendency index in Indonesia through the receipt of zakat infaq and alms.

The results of this study indicate that: (1) life expectancy has a positive effect on Indonesia's economic growth; (2) the wholesale price index has a positive effect on Indonesia's economic growth; (3) the business tendency index has a positive effect on Indonesia's economic growth; (4) the consumer tendency index has a positive effect on Indonesia's economic growth; (5) economic growth has a positive effect on the receipt of zakat, infaq and alms in Indonesia; (6) life expectancy has a positive effect on Indonesia's economic growth through ZIS receipts; (7) the wholesale price index has a positive effect on Indonesia's economic growth through ZIS revenues; (8) the business tendency index has a positive effect on Indonesia's economic growth through ZIS receipts; (9) the consumer tendency index has a positive effect on Indonesia's economic growth through ZIS receipts.

Keywords: Life Expectancy, IHPB, ITB, ITK, ZIS, Economic Growth