

**THE EFFECTIVENESS OF USING LECTURING METHOD
TOWARD THE EIGHT GRADE STUDENTS' ACHIEVEMENT
OF GRAMMAR AT MTsN TUNGGANGRI ACADEMIC YEAR**

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THESIS

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By

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MOTTO

- *Intelligence is not the determinant of success,*

but hard work is the real determinant of your success -

DEDICATION

This thesis is dedicated to:

- ☞ My beloved parents “Sujarno and Winartin” who always support and pray for me every time. I am very grateful for your motivation, attention and love. To my parents I love you so much.
- ☞ My beloved young sister “Sofia Ulfa Cahyani” thanks for your kindness and your support to finish my thesis.
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ABSTRACT

Setyani, Rini. 2016. Registration Number: 2813123133, *The Effectiveness of Using Lecturing Method Toward The Eight Grade Students' Achievement of Grammar At MTsN Tunggangri Academic Year 2015/2016*, English Education Program, IAIN Tulungagung, Advisor: Nany Soengkono Madayani,M. Pd.

Key words: *Effectiveness, Lecturing Method, Achievement of Grammar,*

Grammar is one the most important part when studying English. However, to master language the students have to know and understand the language elements. One of the language components is grammar. There will be no speaking, listening, writing, and reading without grammar, so grammar should be mastered by the students when they want to be successful in learning English.

There are many methods or ways to master in English, especially in grammar. One of method is lecturing method. So the researcher wants to know the effectiveness of lecturing method in teaching and learning English grammar of eight grade at MTsN Tunggangri.

This study was focused on the effectiveness of using lecturing method toward students' achievement of grammar at the eight grade of MTsN Tunggangri. The problems of the study were: 1) How is students' vocabulary mastery before being taught using lecturing method? 2) How is students' vocabulary mastery after being taught by using lecturing method? 3) Is there any significant difference scores between the students before being taught by using lecturing method and after being taught by using lecturing method?

The purposes of the study were: 1) To know the students' achievement of grammar before being taught by using lecturing method? 2) To know the students' achievement of grammar after being taught by using lecturing method? 3) To know whether there is significant difference scores before being taught by using lecturing method and after being taught by using lecturing method.

The research design in this study was pre-experimental design. In this study the researcher takes 42 students as the sample of the research by using purposive sampling. Data collecting method used in this research are administering test. The data analysis technique used is t-test.

From the analysis it is found that the score before being taught using crossword puzzle (pre-test) is 17.88. And the score after being taught using crossword puzzle (post-test) is 21. The calculation using t-test formula showed

that $t_{\text{table}} = 2.0195$ is bigger than $t_{\text{count}} = 11.248$. It means that H_0 there is no significant different score of the students who are taught after and before lecturing method. Meanwhile, H_a there is significant different scores of the students who are after taught with and before taught lecturing method. The hypothesis testing is H_0 is accepted and the H_a is rejected. The results above shows that there is significant different scores of the students' after being taught by using lecturing method and those who are taught before using lecturing method as method in teaching grammar. It means that the lecturing method as method of teaching grammar is effective.

ABSTRAK

Setyani, Rini. 2016. NIM: 2813123133, *The Effectiveness of Using Lecturing Method Toward The Eight Grades Students' Achievement of Grammar At MTsN Tunggangri Academic Year 2015/2016*, Tadris Bahasa Inggris, IAIN Tulungagung, Pembimbing: Nany Soengkono Madayani,M. Pd.

Kata kunci: *keefektifan, Metode Ceramah,tata bahasa*

Kosa kata sangat penting ketika belajar bahasa Inggris. Bagaimanapun, untuk menguasai bahasa siswa harus mengetahui dan mengerti elemen atau unsure bahasa. Salah satu elemen adalah tata bahasa (grammar). Tidak ada yang bisa berbicara, mendengarkan, menulis, dan membaca tanpa tat bahasa. Jadi, tata bahasa harus dikuasai oleh siswa ketika mereka ingin sukses dalam mempelajari bahasa Inggris.

Banyak metode atau cara untuk menguasai bahasa Inggris, tepanya pada tata bahasa (grammar). Salah satu metode untuk menguasai grammar adalah metode ceramah. Peneliti ingin mengetahui keefektifan metode ceramah dalam mengajar dan belajar tata bahasa Inggris di kelas delapan MTsN Tunggangri.

Penelitian ini fokus terhadap keefektifan penggunaan metode ceramah untuk meningkatkan pengetahuan grammar siswa kelas 8 di MTsN Tunggangri. masalah penelitian di penelitian ini yaitu: 1) bagaimana penguasaan tata bahasa siswa sebelum pengajaran menggunakan metode ceramah? 2) bagaimana penguasaan tata bahasa siswa sesudah pengajaran menggunakan metode ceramah? 3) apakah ada perbedaan nilai pada siswa sebelum pengajaran menggunakan tata bahasa dan sesudah pengajaran menggunakan tata bahasa?

Tujuan penelitian ini adalah: 1) untuk mengetahui penguasaan tata bahasa sebelum pengajaran menggunakan tata bahas 2) untuk mengetahui tata bahasa siswa sesudah pengajaran menggunakan metode ceramah 3) untuk mengetahui apakah ada perbedaan nilai pada siswa sebelum pengajaran menggunakan metode ceramah dan sesudah pengajaran menggunakan metode ceramah.

Penelitian ini menggunakan desain pre-experimental. Peneliti mengambil 42 siswa sebagai sampel didalam penelitian dengan menggunakan purposive sampling. Metode pengumpulan data di dalam penelitian ini menggunakan tes. Data dianalisis menggunakan teksnil analisis t-tes.

Dari analisis ditemukan bahwa nilai sebelum menggunakan metode ceramah adalah 17.88. dan nilai sesudah menggunakan metode ceramah adalah 21. kalkulasi menggunakan formula t-tes menunjukkan bahwa $t_{count} = 2.0195$ lebih besar dari pada $t_{table} = 11.248$. Ini berarti bahwa H_0 tidak ada perbedaan nilai pada siswa sesudah pengajara dan sebelum pengajaran menggunakan metode ceramah. Sementara itu, H_a ada perbedaan nilai antara siswa sesudah dan sebelum pengajaran menggunakan lecturing method. Hypothesis testing menunjukkan

bahwa Ho diterima dan Ha ditolak. Dari hasil tersebut menunjukkan bahwa terdapat perbedaan nilai siswa sesudah diajarkan menggunakan metode ceramah dan sebelum diajarkan menggunakan metode ceramah. Artinya, penggunaan metode ceramah efektif untuk meningkatkan kosa kata siswa.

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The researcher realizes that this research is far from being perfect. Therefore, any constructive criticism and suggestion will be gladly accepted.

Tulungagung, July 2016

The researcher

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