

ABSTRAK

Skripsi dengan judul “Analisis Pengaruh Kewajiban Penyediaan Modal Minimum, *Non Performing Financing*, Biaya Operasional terhadap Pendapatan Operasional dan Inflasi Terhadap Profitabilitas PT. Bank Panin Dubai Syariah Tahun 2013-2020 ini ditulis oleh Rizqullah Afif Prastian, NIM. 12401183277, dengan dosen pembimbing Dr. Muniri, M.Pd.

Penelitian dalam skripsi ini dilatarbelakangi oleh pentingnya lembaga keuangan syariah dalam menjaga tingkat profitabilitas. Bank Panin Dubai Syariah adalah salah satu Bank Umum Syariah Indonesia yang mampu mempertahankan tingkat profitabilitas, meskipun nilai profitabilitas pada Bank Panin Dubai Syariah cukup rendah apabila dibandingkan dengan Bank Umum Syariah lainnya dan masih dibawah standar yang ditetapkan oleh Bank Indonesia. Oleh karena itu, penelitian mencoba meneliti apa saja faktor-faktor internal dan eksternal yang dapat mempengaruhi profitabilitas Bank Panin Dubai Syariah yang diproyeksikan dengan rasio *Return On Asset* (ROA). Indikator yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini yaitu Kewajiban Penyediaan Modal Minimum (KPMM), *Non Performing Financing* (NPF), Biaya Operasional terhadap Pendapatan Operasional dan Inflasi.

Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui diantara variabel KPMM, NPF, BOPO dan Inflasi mana yang paling berpengaruh secara signifikan terhadap profitabilitas Bank Panin Dubai Syariah., kemudian apakah secara bersamaan KPMM, NPF, BOPO dan Inflasi berpengaruh signifikan terhadap profitabilitas Bank Panin Dubai .Syariah. Penelitian ini menggunakan pendekatan kuantitatif dengan jenis penelitian asosiatif, menggunakan data sekunder diperoleh dari laporan keuangan triwulan Bank Panin Dubai Syariah tahun 2013-2020 sebanyak 32 sampel data serta situs resmi Bank Indonesia data inflasi. Teknik sampling yang digunakan dalam pengambilan sampel penelitian adalah *non probability sampling* pendekatan *purposive sampling*. Dengan teknik analisis regresi linier berganda yang diolah menggunakan software pengolah data statistik IBM SPSS 26.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa (1) KPMM tidak berpengaruh signifikan terhadap profitabilitas (2) NPF tidak berpengaruh signifikan terhadap profitabilitas (3) BOPO berpengaruh signifikan terhadap terhadap profitabilitas (4) Inflasi berpengaruh signifikan terhadap terhadap profitabilitas (5) Secara bersama-sama variabel KPMM, NPF, BOPO dan Inflasi berpengaruh signifikan terhadap profitabilitas sebesar 98,3% sedangkan sisanya sebesar 1,7% dijelaskan oleh variabel lain diluar variabel yang dipergunakan dalam penelitian ini.

Kata Kunci : KPMM, NPF, BOPO, Inflasi dan Profitabilitas

ABSTRACT

Thesis with the title "Analysis of the Effect of Minimum Capital Adequacy Requirements, Non Performing Financing, Operational Costs on Operating Income and Inflation on Profitability of PT. Bank Panin Dubai Syariah Year 2013-2020 was written by Rizqullah Afif Prastian, NIM. 12401183277, with advisor Dr. Muniri, M.Pd.

The research in this thesis is motivated by the importance of Islamic financial institutions in maintaining the level of profitability. Bank Panin Dubai Syariah Bank is one of the Indonesian Sharia Commercial Banks that is able to maintain a level of profitability, even though the profitability value at Bank Panin Dubai Syariah Syariah is quite low when compared to other Islamic Commercial Banks and is still below the standards set by Bank Indonesia. Therefore, this study tries to examine what are the internal and external factors that can affect the profitability of Panin Dubai Syariah Bank which is projected with a ratioReturn On Asset (ROAs). The indicators used in this study are the Minimum Capital Adequacy Requirement (KPMM), Non Performing Financing (NPF), Operating Costs to Operating Income and Inflation.

The purpose of this study was to find out which of the variables KPMM, NPF, BOPO and Inflation had the most significant effect on the profitability of Bank Panin Dubai Syariah. Then whether KPMM, NPF, BOPO and Inflation simultaneously had a significant effect on the profitability of Bank Panin Dubai Syariah. This study uses a quantitative approach with associative research type, using secondary data obtained from the quarterly financial reports of Bank Panin Dubai Syariah for 2013-2020 as many as 32 data samples as well as the official website of Bank Indonesia on inflation data. The sampling technique used in the research sample collection is non probability sampling approach purposive sampling. With multiple linear regression analysis techniques that are processed using statistical data processing software IBM SPSS 26.

The results showed that (1) KPMM did not have a significant effect on profitability (2) NPF did not have a significant effect on profitability (3) BOPO had a significant effect on profitability (4) Inflation had a significant effect on profitability (5) Together the KPMM variables, NPF, BOPO and inflation have a significant effect on profitability of 98.3% while the remaining 1.7% is explained by other variables outside the variables used in this study.

Keywords: CAR, NPF, BOPO, Inflation and Profitability