

ABSTRAK

Skripsi dengan judul “Pemberdayaan Mustahik Melalui Program Bantuan Ternak Kambing Bergulir dalam Meningkatkan Perekonomian Mustahik (Studi Kasus LAZISNU Ranting Pakisaji Kecamatan Kalidawir)” ini ditulis oleh Emma Agustina, NIM. 126404212020, dengan pembimbing Dr. Ahmad Supriyadi, M.Pd.I.

Kata Kunci: Pemberdayaan, Mustahik, Ternak Kambing Bergulir, Perekonomian.

Program kambing bergulir yang dijalankan oleh LAZISNU Ranting Pakisaji Kecamatan Kalidawir dilatarbelakangi oleh pengelolaan KOIN NU yang digunakan untuk program ekonomi produktif, dimana program tersebut disesuaikan dengan kegiatan masyarakat. Masyarakat Desa Pakisaji memiliki kemampuan dalam perawatan hewan ternak, namun terkendala dengan biaya dan kondisi. Oleh karena itu, LAZISNU Ranting Pakisaji Kecamatan Kalidawir berupaya menjalankan program kambing bergulir. Program tersebut diharapkan mampu memperbaiki perekonomian mustahik sehingga mereka dapat menjadi muzaki.

Tujuan penelitian ini diharapkan mampu memberi sumbangsih keilmuan tentang (1) Strategi pemberdayaan program kambing bergulir untuk perekonomian mustahik di LAZISNU Ranting Pakisaji Kecamatan Kalidawir; (2) Faktor-faktor penghambat pemberdayaan program kambing bergulir untuk perekonomian mustahik; (3) Dampak pemberdayaan program kambing bergulir untuk perekonomian mustahik di LAZISNU Ranting Pakisaji Kecamatan Kalidawir.

Metode penelitian dengan menggunakan penelitian kualitatif deskriptif yaitu menjelaskan kajiannya dengan menganalisis fakta secara sistematis dari objek pembahasan yang diteliti. Sumber data yang diteliti adalah sumber data primer dan sumber data sekunder.

Hasil penelitian ini, menunjukkan bahwa: (1) Strategi pemberdayaan program kambing bergulir di LAZISNU Ranting Pakisaji Kecamatan Kalidawir dalam meningkatkan perekonomian mustahik yaitu pemberian pakan untuk ternak kambing. Apabila induk kambing beranak sebanyak dua kali, maka induk kambing digulirkan kepada mustahik lainnya. Dan anak kambing menjadi milik mustahik. Pengurus melakukan survei kepada mustahik setiap tiga bulan sekali. Dan apabila induk kambing belum memberikan keturunan maka diganti dengan induk kambing baru. (2) Faktor-faktor penghambat program kambing bergulir yaitu terbatasnya anggaran untuk program kambing bergulir. Mustahik kesulitan mencari pakan dan terdapat kambing yang sakit dan sulit untuk beranak. Kurangnya pemahaman mustahik mengenai perawatan kambing. (3) Dampak pemberdayaan program kambing bergulir yaitu dimanfaatkan oleh mustahik untuk memenuhi kebutuhan pendidikan anak-anak mereka serta mencukupi keperluan sehari-hari, seperti kebutuhan dapur dan kesehatan. Mustahik lebih terdorong untuk rutin mengisi KOIN NU setiap bulannya.

ABSTRACT

The thesis entitled "Empowerment of Mustahik through the Revolving Goat Livestock Assistance Program in Improving the Economy of Mustahik (Case Study of LAZISNU Pakisaji Branch, Kalidawir District)" was written by Emma Agustina, NIM. 126404212020, with the supervisor Dr. Ahmad Supriyadi, M.Pd.I.

Keywords: Empowerment, Mustahik, Revolving Goat Farming, Economy.

The rolling goat program run by LAZISNU Pakisaji Branch, Kalidawir District, is motivated by the management of NU COINS used for productive economic programs, where the program is adjusted to community activities. The Pakisaji Village community has the ability to care for livestock, but is constrained by costs and conditions. Therefore, LAZISNU Pakisaji Branch, Kalidawir District, is trying to run a rolling goat program. The program is expected to be able to improve the economy of mustahik so that they can become muzaki.

The aim of this research is expected to be able to provide scientific contributions on (1) Empowerment strategies for the revolving goat program for the mustahik economy at LAZISNU Pakisaji Branch, Kalidawir District; (2) Inhibiting factors for the empowerment of the revolving goat program for the mustahik economy; (3) The impact of the empowerment of the revolving goat program for the mustahik economy at LAZISNU Pakisaji Branch, Kalidawir District.

The research method using descriptive qualitative research is to explain the study by systematically analyzing facts from the object of discussion being studied. The data sources studied are primary data sources and secondary data sources.

The results of this study indicate that: (1) The empowerment strategy of the rolling goat program at LAZISNU Pakisaji Branch, Kalidawir District in improving the economy of mustahik is providing feed for goats. If the mother goat gives birth twice, then the mother goat is passed on to other mustahik. And the goat kids belong to the mustahik. The management conducts a survey of mustahik every three months. And if the mother goat has not given birth, then it is replaced with a new mother goat. (2) The inhibiting factors of the rolling goat program are the limited budget for the rolling goat program. Mustahik have difficulty finding feed and there are goats that are sick and have difficulty giving birth. Lack of understanding of mustahik regarding goat care. (3) The impact of the empowerment of the rolling goat program is that it is used by mustahik to meet the educational needs of their children and to meet daily needs, such as kitchen and health needs. Mustahik are more motivated to routinely fill NU COINS every month.