

CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

This chapter presents the reason of choosing the topic of the study. In details in this part the researcher also presents Context of the Study, Focus of the Study, Purpose of the Study, Significant of the Study, Scope and Limitation of the Study and Definition of the Key Terms.

1.1 Background of the Study

Language is an inseparable part in this world. Humans will find it difficult to express something without language. People use language as a means of communication between each other. There are many kinds of language in this world, one of them is English. English is used as an international language. Many countries in this world make English as a second language or a compulsory language to be learned after their mother tongue. One of countries is Indonesia. Indonesia as developing country, English is needed to be learned in the current era.

In learning English, there are some kinds skill should be mastered such as; listening, reading, writing, and speaking. To gain four these skills, we should fulfill the components of language such as the knowledge of structure, pronunciation, spelling, and vocabulary. Vocabulary is one of the important things in learning English. Husna & Leni (2017) stated that vocabulary is a core component of all aspects of language. Someone's vocabulary greatly affects the ability to learn language. The other hand, when we learn about vocabulary in English, we also talk about the word. According to Bauer (as

cited in Rizki, I & Zakrimal, 2020), the study about the word structure known as morphology. According to Fromkin, et.al (2013), morphology is the study of the structure of words and the rules in word formation. Morphology itself also referred to as a branch of knowledge regarding word formation. Morphology is the study of language itself, such as learning the formation of words/morphemes and also variations in word/morpheme combinations in a language. It means, in morphology we will study about morphemes.

According to Yule (as cited in Dian N, 2014) morphemes can define as the smallest unit of meaning in a word, or at least unit of meaning or grammatical function. Morphemes divided into roots and affixes. Root is part of the word structure which remains when all affixes have been removed. Root is also known as base word. While, affixes are bound morpheme. Affixes can be further classified into derivational and inflectional affixes. According to Efrika S (2020) affixes that can cause a change in the word class or category are derivational affixes.

According to Simaremare, et al. (2021) Derivation is the addition of root word by giving affix and generating new lexeme or changed word class. According to Ambarita (as cited in Simaremare, 2021) affixation is one of morphological process that when a root is given an affix can produce new word. It can be concluded derivational affixes are some morphemes that obtain or create new words by changing the meaning of part of speech or word class. The readers can expand vocabulary significantly when they can be able to identify derivational affixes.

There are many ways to enrich vocabulary. For example, by reading books, novels, short stories, English articles, listening to foreign songs, and watching movies. The researcher suggests that the best way to enrich vocabulary is by reading a lot. In this research, the researcher analyzed the article of CNN International News. The researcher used this article because the websites of CNN International News easy to find and read anytime by the learners. All of article in that website always provide the latest news from all over the world. Then, besides being able to enrich vocabulary for students, it can increase knowledge about news around the world.

In this research, the researcher takes three literature reviews from previous research. The first is the research conducted by Maria (2021). She conducted a research with the title of *The Analysis of Derivational Affixes in Simple Plan's Album Taking One for The Team*. In her research, she analyzed derivational affixes used in songs Simple Plan's Album Taking One for the Team and the meaning of derivational affixes found on that song. The method of her research used descriptive qualitative method and used two approaches, namely morphological and semantic approach.

The second research was conducted by Rizkia (2020). She conducted a research with the title of *An Analysis of Derivational and Inflectional Morphemes in Deen Squad Lyrics*. In her research, she investigated the process of derivational and inflectional affixes formed in Deen Squad lyrics. She focused in the lyrics of Deen Squad album, named *Fajr*. The album contained Islamic songs with hip-hop and rap genre. In her research, she used a mixed method quantitative and qualitative data and the method of collecting

data used exploratory sequential design. It is the method by two phase design where the qualitative data was collected first, then followed by collection and analysis data of quantitative.

The third research was conducted by Amalia (2018). She conducted a research with the title of *Derivational and Inflectional Affixes in @TheGoodQuote's Posts on Instagram*. She investigated about two of bound morphemes which focused on derivational and inflectional affixes. In her research, she used the method of descriptive qualitative of content analysis.

Based on previous study above, the researcher conducted the research with the title of *A Morphological Analysis of Derivational Affixes in the Article of CNN International News*. The researcher chose this CNN International News as the object of the study because this is the one of the famous website in the world. The news in this website always update every day

1.2 Focus of the Study

Based on context of the study above, the researcher formulates the focus of the study as follows:

1. What are the types of derivational affixes found in the article of CNN International News?
2. What are the functions of those derivational affixes in the article of CNN International News?

1.3 Purpose of the Study

Based on the focus of the study above, the purpose of the study focused on:

1. To know derivational affixes found in the article of CNN International News;
2. To know the functions of those derivational affixes in the article of CNN International News.

1.4 Significance of the Study

The results of this study are expected to be useful and relevant both in the field of education and research. Significance of the study can be seen as follows:

a. Theoretically

The result of the study is expected give information in learning affixes, especially in derivational affixes that can changes the base or root of part of speech.

b. Practically

The result of this study is expected to be a tool for students to increase their insight into morphology especially in derivational affixes, and can also be another source along with consideration for their further analysis on the subject linguistics. Moreover, this research is expected to be useful for lecturers as one of the authentic materials for teaching linguistic subjects.

1.5 Scope and Limitation of the Study

In accordance to the topic, the scope of the research was focused on morphological analysis. The limitation study focused on derivational affixes that found on eight articles in headline of CNN International News.

1.6 Definition of Key Terms

In order to avoid the misunderstanding of readers when reading this study which is entitled “A Morphological Analysis of Derivational Affixes in the Article of CNN International News”, so it is necessary for the researcher to define the following key terms:

a. Morphology

According to Bauer (as cited in Rizki, I & Zakrimal, 2020) morphology is about word structure, how words such as dislike consist of smaller meaningful elements such as dis and like. This means that morphology is a way of studying words or morphemes. Morphology is the study of language itself, such as learning the formation of words/morphemes and also variations in word/morpheme combinations in a language (Rizki, I & Zakrimal, Z, 2020).

b. Morphemes

According to Efrika S (2020) morphemes is the smallest unit of meaning. There are two kinds of morpheme, namely free morpheme and bound morpheme. Free morpheme is morpheme which can stand alone as an independent word, such as head, ring, bracelet. Meanwhile, bound morpheme is the opposite of free morpheme, likewise the *s* of books, or

the *-ment* of department. Bound morpheme are also called as affix which can be classified into prefix and suffix.

c. Derivational Affixes

According to Efrika S (2020) derivational affixes are affixes that can cause a change in the word class or category. It means derivational affixes can change the root class or base. The change in class of derivational affixes affected the meaning of the words. In addition, derivational occur when a root is added by a morpheme that changes the category of the class. However, sometimes the morpheme does not change the class of base word.

d. Headline

According to Napu (2018) headline define as an outline that beginning the news story at the opening and located at the top of newspaper articles, magazines, or other. Headline can be defines as newspaper point that attract readers to read a story in news or other mass media.

e. CNN International News

According to Wikipedia, CNN is a television channel from the United States. Since its debut in US television, CNN has expanded its reach to a number of cable and satellite television companies, several websites, and special channels with limited coverage. One of the reach of websites or articles from CNN itself is CNN International News with the address <https://cnn.com>. The site attracted increasing interest over the first

decade and is now one of the most popular news websites in the world.
The CNN International News website contains the latest news and videos
from Europe, Asia, Africa, the Middle East, and The America.