

## ABSTRAK

Skripsi dengan judul “Pengaruh *Return on Assets* (ROA), *Price Earning Ratio* (*PER*), *Debt to Equity Ratio* (DER), dan *Current Ratio* (CR) terhadap Harga Saham Perusahaan Manufaktur yang Terdaftar di *Jakarta Islamic Index 70* Periode 2020-2024” ini ditulis oleh Fitria Riza Shafira, NIM. 1860406222120, dengan pembimbing Chavid Moyo Jaladri, S.EI., M.M.

**Kata Kunci:** Harga Saham, *Return on Assets* (ROA), *Price Earning Ratio* (PER), *Debt to Equity ratio* (DER), dan *Current Ratio* (CR), dan *Jakarta Islamic Index 70*.

Pasar modal berperan krusial terhadap perekonomian melalui kegiatan investasi, dimana harga saham menjadi indikator utama nilai Perusahaan dan daya tarik investasi. Fluktuasi harga di sektor manufaktur yang tercatat di *Jakarta Islamic Index 70* selama periode 2020-2024 menjadi dasar bagi investor untuk menganalisis kinerja fundamental Perusahaan.

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menguji (1) Pengaruh *Return on Assets* (ROA) terhadap harga saham perusahaan manufaktur yang terdaftar di *Jakarta Islamic Index 70*; (2) Pengaruh *Price Earning Ratio* (PER) terhadap harga saham perusahaan manufaktur yang terdaftar di *Jakarta Islamic Index 70*; (3) Pengaruh *Debt to Equity Ratio* (DER) terhadap harga saham perusahaan manufaktur yang terdaftar di *Jakarta Islamic Index 70*; (4) Pengaruh *Current ratio* (CR) terhadap harga saham perusahaan manufaktur yang terdaftar di *Jakarta Islamic Index 70*; (5) Pengaruh *Return on Assets* (ROA), *Price Earning Ratio* (PER), *Debt to Equity Ratio* (DER), dan *Current Ratio* (CR) terhadap harga saham perusahaan manufaktur yang terdaftar di *Jakarta Islamic Index 70*.

Pendekatan kuantitatif diterapkan dalam penelitian ini yang berjenis penelitian asosiatif. Populasi penelitian ialah perusahaan manufaktur yang konsisten terdaftar di JII70 periode 2020-2024. Sampel diambil melalui teknik *purposive sampling* sehingga diperoleh sampel sebanyak 8 perusahaan. Data penelitian bersumber dari data sekunder berupa laporan keuangan tahunan, serta dianalisis melalui teknik regresi data panel.

Temuan penelitian memperlihatkan bahwasanya (1) *Return on Assets* (ROA) tidak mempunyai pengaruh signifikan terhadap harga saham Perusahaan manufaktur yang tercatat di *Jakarta Islamic Index 70*; (2) *Price Earning Ratio* (PER) mempunyai pengaruh signifikan terhadap harga saham Perusahaan manufaktur yang tercatat di *Jakarta Islamic Index 70*; (3) *Debt to Equity Ratio* (DER) tidak mempunyai pengaruh signifikan terhadap harga saham perusahaan manufaktur yang tercatat di *Jakarta Islamic Index 70*; (4) *Current Ratio* (CR) mempunyai pengaruh signifikan terhadap harga saham perusahaan manufaktur yang tercatat di *Jakarta Islamic Index 70*; (5) *Return on Assets* (ROA), *Price Earning Ratio* (PER), *Debt to Equity Ratio* (DER), dan *Current Ratio* (CR) mempunyai pengaruh signifikan terhadap harga saham perusahaan manufaktur yang tercatat di *Jakarta Islamic Index 70*.

## ABSTRACT

Thesis titled “The Influence of *Return on Assets* (ROA), *Price Earning Ratio* (PER), *Debt to Equity Ratio* (DER), and *Current Ratio* (CR) on Stock Prices of Manufacturing Companies Listed on the *Jakarta Islamic Index 70* for the 2020-2024 PERIOD” written by Fitria Riza Shafira, NIM. 1860406222120, with supervisor Chavid Moyo Jaladri, S.EI., M.M.

**Keywords:** Stock Price, Return on Assets (ROA), Price Earning Ratio (PER), Debt to Equity Ratio (DER), Current Ratio (CR), and Jakarta Islamic Index 70.

The capital market plays a crucial role in the economy through investment activities, where stock prices are the main indicator of a company's value and investment appeal. The price fluctuations of manufacturing stocks listed on the Jakarta Islamic Index 70 (JII70) during the 2020-2024 period serve as a basis for investors to analyze the company's fundamental performance.

The purpose of this research is to test (1) The influence of Return on Assets (ROA) on stock prices of manufacturing companies listed on the JII70; (2) The influence of Price Earning Ratio (PER) on stock prices of manufacturing companies listed on the JII70; (3) The influence of Debt to Equity Ratio (DER) on stock prices of manufacturing companies listed on the JII70; (4) The influence of Current Ratio (CR) on stock prices of manufacturing companies listed on the JII70; and (5) The simultaneous influence of ROA, PER, DER, and CR on stock prices of manufacturing companies listed on the JII70.

This research uses a quantitative approach with an associative research type. The study population consists of manufacturing companies consistently listed on the JII70 during the 2020-2024 period. The sample was selected using the purposive sampling technique, resulting in a sample of 8 companies. The data used is secondary data in the form of annual financial reports, and the data analysis technique employed is panel data regression.

The research result show that (1) Return on Assets (ROA) has no significant influence on the stock prices of manufacturing companies listed on the Jakarta Islamic Index 70; (2) Price Earning Ratio (PER) has a significant influence on the stock prices of manufacturing companies listed on the Jakarta Islamic Index 70; (3) Debt to Equity Ratio (DER) has no significant influence on the stock prices of manufacturing companies listed on the Jakarta Islamic Index 70; (4) Current Ratio (CR) has a significant influence on the stock prices of manufacturing companies listed on the Jakarta Islamic Index 70; (5) Simultaneously, Return on Assets (ROA), Price Earning Ratio (PER), Debt to Equity Ratio (DER), and Current Ratio (CR) have a significant influence on the stock prices of manufacturing companies listed on the Jakarta Islamic Index 70.